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CURRENT -LANL REUL

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## CRACKER BARREL DAYS

WITTO A CALL

A potted palm added a touch of elegance to this grocery store in Sunrise, Wyoming. Fresh foods were limited. Most items were dried, salted, bottled, or canned.

. shopping for food then and since

The U.S. Department of Agriculture was founded a century ago. Since then, the sort of foods we buy and the places where we buy them have changed as much as farming itself. In this booklet, which is issued as part of its Centennial observance, the Department of Agriculture takes a brief look at some of those changes.

Photo Series 64, U.S. Department of Agriculture, September 1962



In the early 1860s, housewives in Topeka, Kansas, had a choice of meat markets, but not much choice in what the markets offered.



BN-16934-X

A market in New Orleans around the turn of the century. Shopping carts were already in style, and obviously a favorite of the small fry.



A homburg hat was part of what the well-dressed milkman wore in New York City around 1900.



In the 1870s, this meat market in Duluth may have been short on sanitation by modern standards, but it was long on fish and game from Minnesota waters and woods.



CEN-86

Shopping at a central, outdoor market was often the first step in fixing a good Sunday dinner. Shown in the 1870s is a market in Norfolk, Virginia.

Left: The heart of many a country store was the cast-iron, pot-bellied stove—headquarters of the Hot Stove League in winter and right through summer too.





A forerunner of today's markets, such as this or 1934, when the autom i patterns of shopping.





ot a long ago bartering was a routine way for rural prototic get some of the food they sold. Here, a rugirl brings eggs for trade at the local store, perpfor some ground coffee or the makings of a dress.



The butcher, the baker, and maybe a harness-maker were out in force along with their customers to pose for this picture in the nineties.



2nas were the speciality of this New York fruit peddler back 906. Sea food too was a popular item in push-cart marng. On the right, two customers sample the clams and hope 're fresh. S-18277-C





were cooperative curb Florida. It is shown in ady changed American



Since horse-and-buggy days, roadside markets have been a familiar way for consumers to buy fresh produce direct from the farmer.



This fruit-and-vegetable store in Beaufort, South Carolina, had some unusual competition right in the same building. The photo was taken by Walker Evans in 1936.





Photographs collected by the Centennial Committee in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

The photos are from: Kansas State Historical Society; Library of Congress; National Archives; Gaylord Collection, St. Louis County Historical Society, Duluth, Minn.; USDA; Cook Collection, Valentine Museum; Wyoming State Archives and Historical Department. This old-fashioned country store was located in New York State. If his stock ranged widely, so did the proprietor. Besides minding the store, he was the local constable, barber, and cobbler.

When the youngster, left, is old enough to push the shopping cart herself, there's no telling what further improvements will have been made in American foods and markets. Meanwhile she's thriving on a tremendous variety of good foods, many of them unknown when her mother was her age.

Magazines and newspapers may borrow glossy prints of any of these photographs free on a 30-day loan basis. They are available in any size up to 8 x 10 from the Photography Division, Office of Information,

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D.C.

Other booklets in the Centennial photo series:

"Way Back When . . ." No. 61 "Kids and Country Life" No. 63 "Aircraft in Agriculture" No. 65

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